DERIVED_SURNAME_NUMBER

Definition: The surname number aids in identifying families within a dwelling and household. Each unique family name was assigned a number within a dwelling.

Source: DWELLING_ID and LAST_NAME

Codes: None

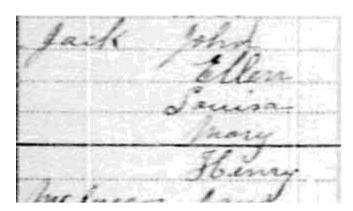
Remarks: None

1911 Census

For 1911, enumeration instruction 81 directs the enumerators to record the surname only once for a series of individuals having the same surname.

Our data entry convention was to duplicate surnames in the sample, when the original enumeration adhered to this instruction and left blanks after a recorded surname.

E.g., original census enumeration:



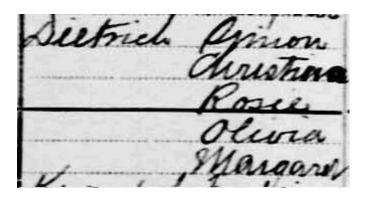
E.g., CCRI data entry:

Jack	John
Jack	Ellen
Jack	Louisa
Jack	Mary
Jack	Henry

In a relatively small number of cases this duplication was mistakenly represented by an asterisk in our data entry, rather than by surname duplication. Normally, asterisks were used in our data entry only when an enumeration field was missing an expected entry. So, an asterisk would

correctly have been recorded to represent a missing surname in the case of the first person in a dwelling or in cases of missing surnames of unrelated persons, such as residents of a hotel or nuns in a convent. However, in a relatively small number of mistaken entries, asterisks will be found in the data file when surnames were missing but for related individuals where a preceding surname is given in the original enumeration. For example, we find the following original enumeration with blanks following a recorded surname for the head of the dwelling and a data entry record employing asterisks to represent the blanks.

E.g., census enumeration:



E.g., CCRI data entry:

Dietrich	Simon
*	Christina
*	Rosie
*	Olivia
*	Margaret

The total number of last name records recorded with asterisks in 1911 file is 3353, residing in 956 dwellings. Of these dwellings, 896 contain blank surname records recorded as asterisks and following a head of household or prior record in which a surname was recorded. These are the mistaken entries. The regional distribution of these dwellings is as follows: Western Provinces, 88; Ontario, 89, Quebec, 0; Atlantic Provinces, 719. Our data entry and data cleaning procedures for 1911 were experimental and on discovering the problem we were unable to replace the mistaken asterisks with the appropriate preceding surnames without undue cost in the relational DB2 database. A researcher can accomplish this replacement in the 1911 file by identifying the dwellings and imputing the missing names using the recorded surname for the heads of households and the information on immediately following nuclear family members given by the relationship to head variable.

DWELLING_ID

Definition: This number identifies a dwelling or sample point within a census year and university centre.

Source: System generated during Sample Point selection.

Codes: None

Remarks: This was the third of the basic keys used to identify individuals in the CCRI Database.

LAST_NAME

Definition: The last name of the respondent.

Source: Census Question

The table below indicates, for each census year, the numbers of the census questions corresponding to this variable.

	Schedule 1a	Schedule 1b	Schedule 1c	Schedule 2	Schedule 2a
1911	3				
1921	3	3	3		
1931	3	3	3		
1941	4	4	3		
1951					

Codes: None

Remarks: The CCRI did not capture the name from the 1951 census.

Census Guides

Census Guide, 1911	
3. Name	
A. Census Question	Name of each person in family, household or institution.
B. Question Number	3 on Schedule 1.
C. Variable(s) and Codes	FIRST_NAME
	LAST_NAME
	TITLE
D. Reference Point	As of Census Day, June 1, 1911.
E. Total Target Population	7 206 648
F. Statistical unit	The person.
G. Targeted Population	Each person enumerated.
H. Enumerators' Instructions	80. Name of each person in family, household or institution. The members of the family or household in column 3 are to be entered in the following order, namely: Head first, wife second, then sons and daughters in the order of their ages, and lastly relatives, servants, boarders, lodgers or other persons living in the family or household. The persons in an institution may be described as officer, principal, inmate, patient, prisoner, pupil, etc. 81. How to write names. The last name or surname is to be written first, then the given name in full. Where the surname is the same as that of the person in the preceding line it should not be repeated. See Sample Schedule.
I. Remarks	

Census Guide, 1921		
3. Name of each person in family,	household or institution	
A. Census Question	Name of each person in family, household or institution.	
B. Question Number	Column 3 of Forms 1A, 1B, and 1C.	
C. Variable(s) and Codes	FIRST_NAME	
	LAST_NAME	
	TITLE	
D. Reference Point	As of Census Day, June 1, 1921.	
E. Total Target Population	8 788 483	
F. Statistical unit	The person.	
G. Targeted Population	Each person enumerated.	
H. Enumerators' Instructions	69. Column 3. Name of each person in family, household or institution. The names of every person whose usual place of abode on June 1, 1921, was with the family or in the dwelling house for which the enumeration is being made are to be entered in the following order, namely: Head first, wife second, then sons and daughters in the order of their ages, and lastly relatives, servants, boarders, lodgers or other persons living in the family or household. The persons in an institution may be described as officer, principal, inmate, patient, prisoner, pupil, etc. 70. How to write names. The names or surname is to be written first, then the given name in full. Where the surname is the same as that of the person in the preceding line it should not be repeated.	
I. Remarks	NOTE: To ensure that no individuals can be identified, confidentiality measures restrict the release of identifying details.	

Name Of each person in household. (Enter surname first, then the given name and middle initials if any). Include every person living at midnight on June 1, 1941. Omit children born after midnight June 1, 1941.
Column 4 of Forms 1A and 1B; 3 of Form 1C.
FIRST_NAME LAST_NAME TITLE_
As of midnight on June 1, 1941.
11 506 655
The person.
Every person enumerated.
73. (1) How to enter a person's name. The last name or surname is to be written first, then teh given name commonly used followed or preseded by initials of other given names, such as: Smith, Richard J; Jones, C. Paul, etc. In the case of a new-born baby who has not yet been given a name, the entry "infant" shall be made. Where the surname is the same as on the line above, it should not be written again, but "ditto" marks should be entered instead. (See Specimen Schedule) (2) What names are to be listed? All persons living in the household i.e., all persons who regularly sleep there. Among persons to be included, are infants born before and persons who died after midnight of June 1, 1941. If there is in the household a person who has come to Canada from another country in 1939, 1940, or 1941, as a result of war conditions without the intention of making a permanent stay in Canada, though here for the duration of the war, such a person shall be enumerated as a member of the household and the Enumerator shall write the letter "x" after the year of immigration in column 22. This will include persons who are in Canada as refugees and evacuees for the duration of teh war but not persons who are in Canada of official missions. The Enumerator shall not list the names of infants born after midnight of June 1, 1941, nor persons who died before this hour. Persons staying temporarily with the household who have a permanent residence elsewhere shall not be enumerated. (3) Before starting to list the persons, the Enumerator

shall ascertain whether or not all the persons living in the dwelling form only one household or more than one. (See Instruction 72 (2) household defined.) If ther is more than one household living in the dwelling, each one will be listed separately and given a separate number in column 3. (4) **Order of listing**. The names of the persons belonging to each household shall be listed one after the other in column 4 in the following order: Head of the household, wife of the head, unmarried children in order of age, married children with their families, other relatives, servants and other employees, boarders and lodgers and other persons belonging to the household. The Enumerator shall see that every such household has a number in column 3. (5) **Persons in institutions**. Names of persons belonging to the general institutional household shall be entered in the following order: head officer, employees, inmates, etc. Separate households in one institution, such as households consisting of an army officer and family living in special officers' quarters in barracks, or a doctor and his family living in special quarters provided by a hospital, etc., shall be entered separately from the general institutional household and given a separate number in column 3. I. Remarks